2009 Research Days Abstract Form – Department of Ophthalmology – UNIFESP/EPM	
2. SCIENTIFIC SECTION PREFERENCE (REQUIRED): GL	111. FIRST (PRESENTING) AUTHOR (REQUIRED): Must be the author listed first in abstract body.
Review the Scientific Section Descriptions. Select and enter the two-letter Code for the one (1) Section best suited to review your abstract.	() R1 (X) R2 () R3 () PIBIC () PG0 () PG1 () Fellow () Technician
3. PRESENTATION PREFERENCE (REQUIRED) Check one: Paper X Poster FAST Paper	Last Name: Stefanini First Name: Francisco Middle:Rosa Service (Sector): Glaucoma
The signature of the First (Presenting) Author (REQUIRED) acting as the authorized agent for all authors, hereby certifies that any research reported was	CEP Number: 1525/05
conducted in compliance with the Declaration of Helsinki and the 'UNIFESP Ethical Committee"	Título: OCULAR PERFUSION PRESSURE DURING HEMODIALYSIS
	Authors: Francisco Rosa Stefanini, Carolina Pelegrini Barbosa, Fernando Penha, Miguel Ângelo Góes, Augusto Paranhos Junior
Scientific Section Descriptions (two-letter code): (BE) OCULAR BIOENGINEERING (CO) CORNEA AND EXTERNAL DISEASE (CA) CATARACT (EF) ELECTROPHYSIOLOGY (EX) EXPERIMENTAL SURGERY (GL) GLAUCOMA (LA) LABORATORY (LS) LACRIMAL SYSTEM (LV) LOW VISION (NO) NEURO-OPHTHALMOLOGY (OR) ORBIT (PL) OCULAR PLASTIC SURGERY (PH) PHARMACOLOGY (RE) RETINA AND VITREOUS (RS) REFRACTIVE SURGERY (RX) REFRACTIVE SURGERY (RX) REFRACTIVE SURGERY (RX) REFRACTION-CONTACT LENSES (ST) STRABISMUS (TR) TRAUMA (TU) TUMORS AND PATHOLOGY (UV) UVEITIS (US) OCULAR ULTRASOUND	Purpose: To evaluate the estimated ocular perfusion pressure in patients during hemodialysis session. Methods: A prospective, observational case series was developed. IOP was evaluated using Tonopen tonometer. Systolic and diastolic blood pressure were also measured with manual sphygmomanometer. 67 eyes of 35 patients were evaluated in 3 different times during hemodialysis session. The ocular perfusion pressure was estimated by the difference between 2/3 of the medium blood pressure and intra ocular pressure. Generalized estimating equations was performed to evaluate the difference of the repeated measures with the apropriate correction for inter-eye dependency. Results: There was no statistically significant difference in estimated ocular pressure perfusion between the three measurements (p=0.692). It was also observed no difference for IOP (p=0.934) and blood pressure (p=0.486) in the 3 different times. Conclusions: Our results did not support the idea of significant changes on ocular perfusion pressure during the hemodialysis.
Deadline: Oct 13, 2009	Keywords: Ocular perfusion pressure, Hemodialisys, Intraocular pressure
FORMAT: Abstract should contain: Title Author, Co-authors (maximum 6), Purpose, Methods, Results, Conclusion.	

Poster guidelines: ARVO Abstract Book (1.10 x 1.70m)